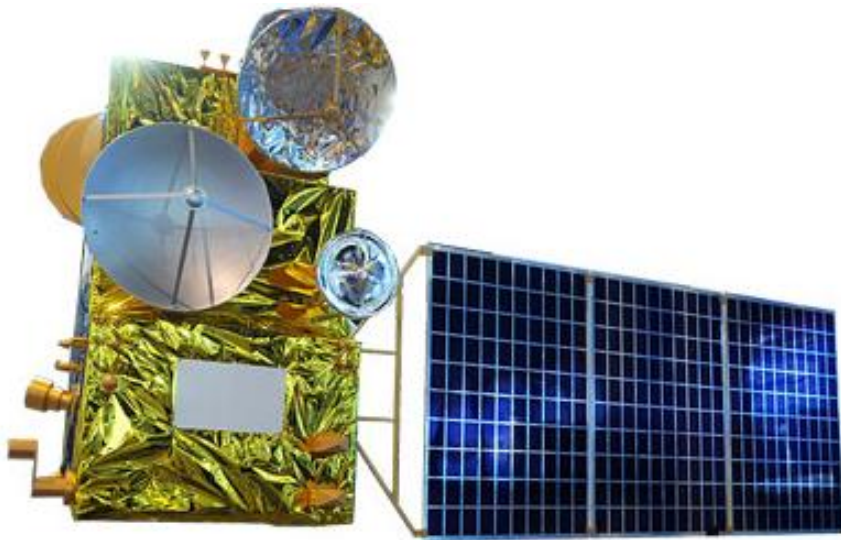




HY-2A First POD Results

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F. Mercier, S. Houry

IDS Analysis Working Group meeting
Prague, Czech Republic
May 31 – June 1, 2012



HY-2A's Orbit and Satellite

Insight into HY-2A POD strategy

- Satellite characteristics

- ◆ Launch date: 11/08/15
- ◆ Orbit altitude: 790 km
- ◆ Mass: 1550 kg

- Tracking data and arcs

- ◆ Twenty height *7-day arcs (14-day cycle)* with a 4-hour overlap
- ◆ Data between 11/10/01 – 12/04/15

- Models

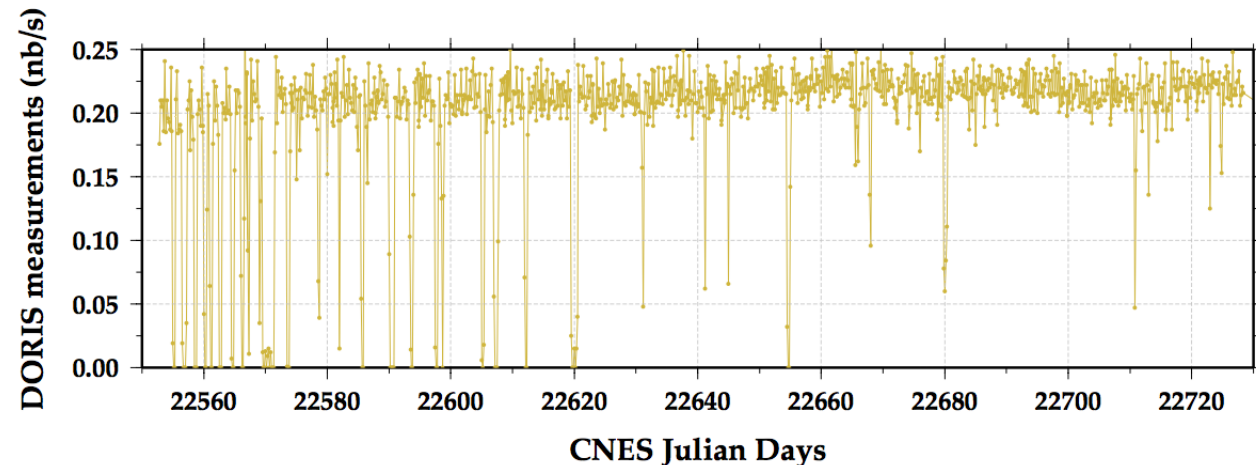
- ◆ GDR-D orbit standards
- ◆ Surface model available at <ftp://ftp.ids-doris.org/pub/ids/satellites/DORISSatelliteModels.pdf>

DORIS and GPS Available Measurements

Number of measurements computed over 4-hour intervals

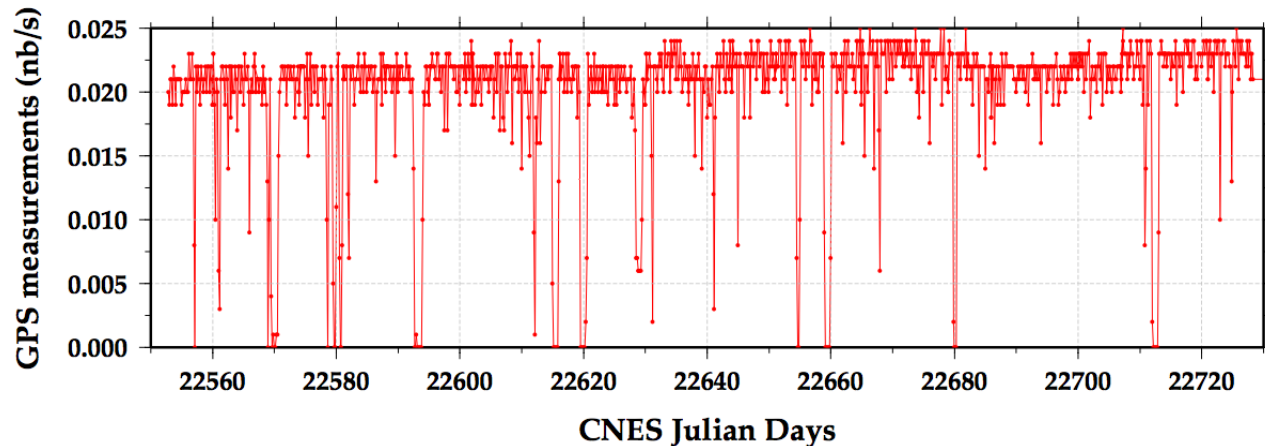
- DORIS measurements

- ◆ Several measurements gaps at the beginning of life of HY-2A



- GPS measurements

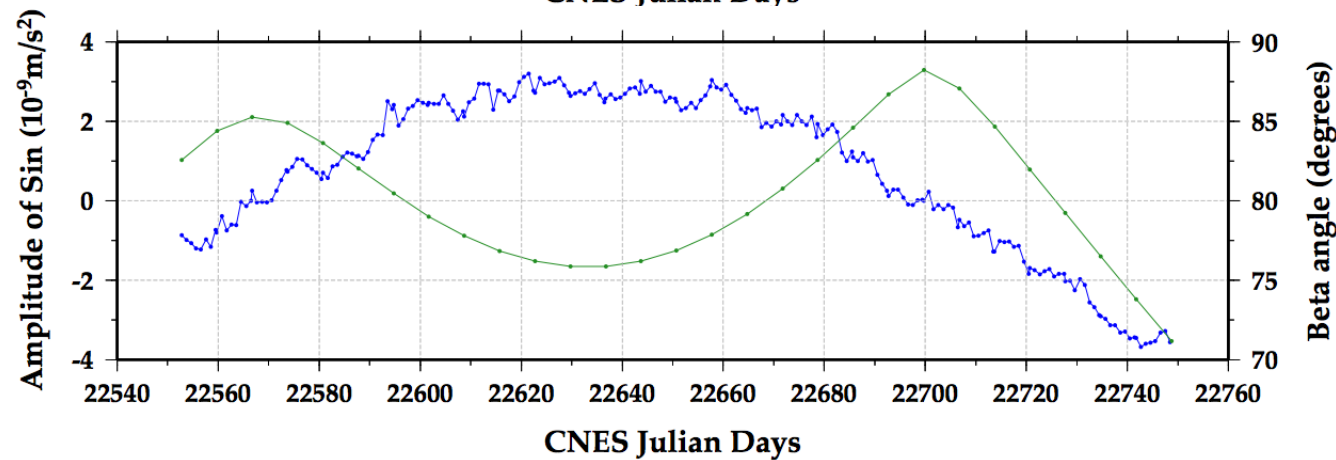
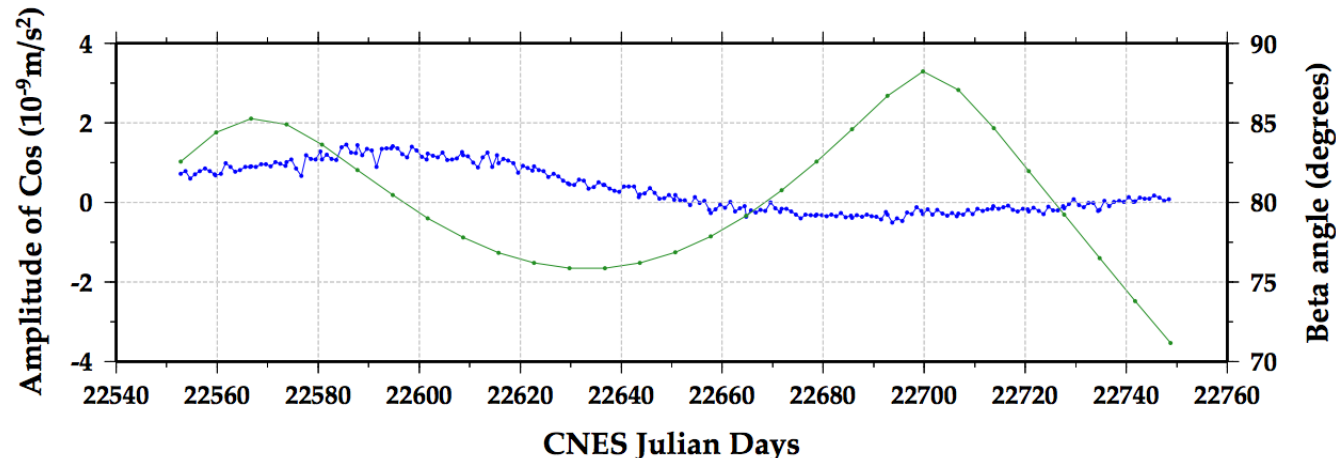
- ◆ Consequences on empirical accelerations
 - » Only five parameters estimated per day (1-cpr along-track, cross-track and a bias along-track)



One-cycle-per-revolution Empirical Accelerations

Along-track amplitudes

- Cosine term
 - ◆ Slightly higher amplitudes than those associated with Jason-2
- Sine term

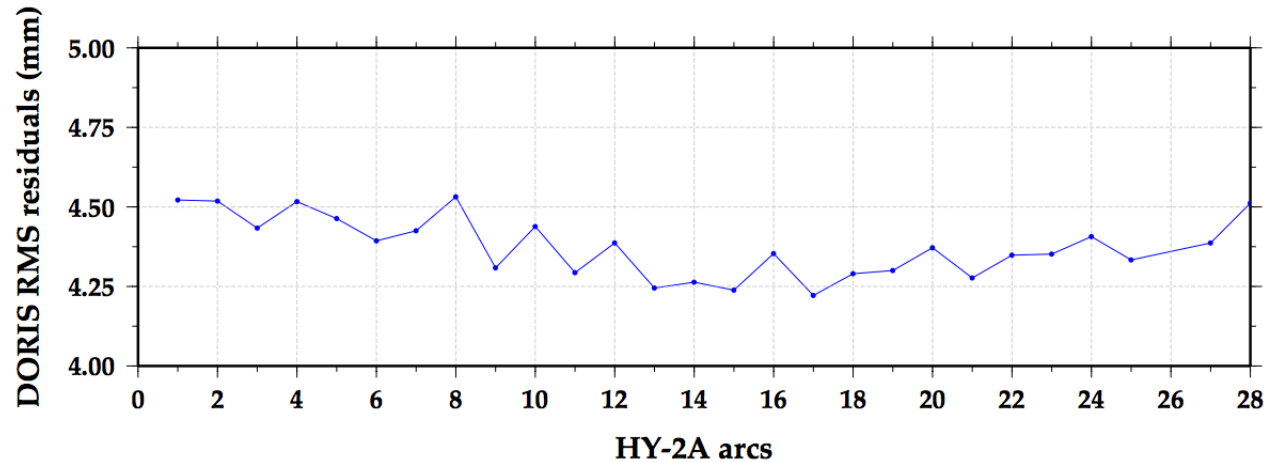


Post-fit Residuals on the GDR Solution (1/2)

RMS of DORIS post-fit residuals (10-seconds phase increments)

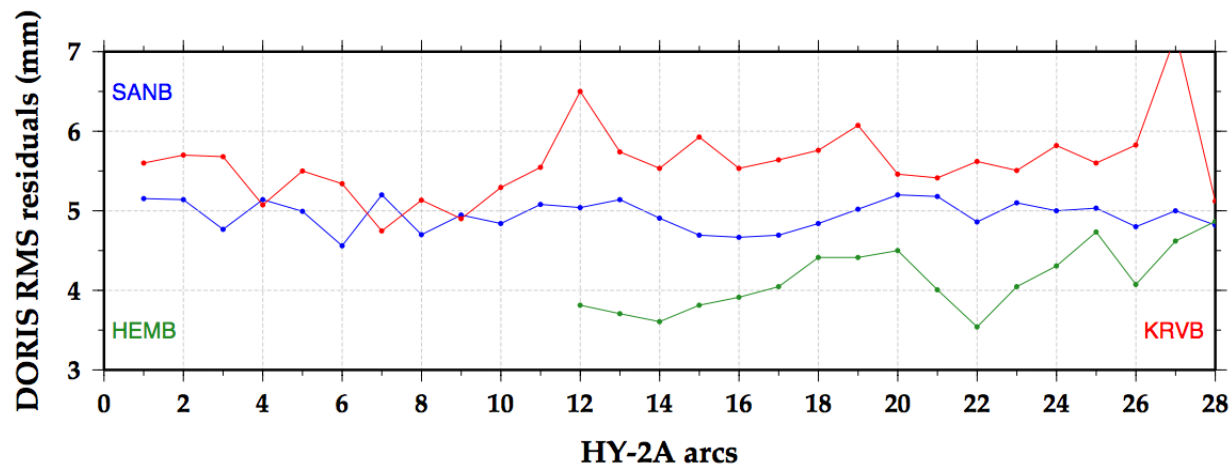
- DORIS performance

- ◆ Same level as on Jason-2



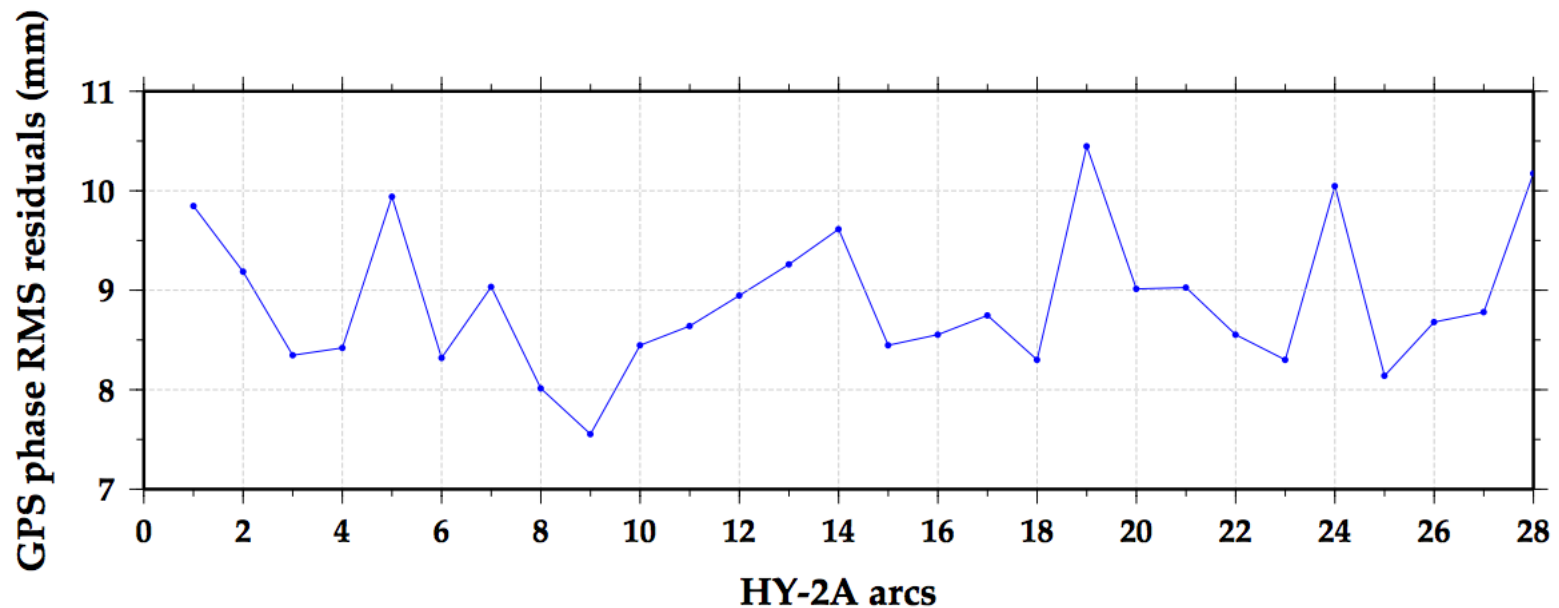
- Monitoring of DORIS beacons in the vicinity of the SAA

- ◆ No conclusive sign of degradation due to the SAA effect



Post-fit Residuals on the GDR Solution (2/2)

RMS of GPS phase post-fit residuals



- Overall *~9-mm* stable GPS phase RMS residuals (no PCV map applied)

SLR Validation of the Different Orbit Solutions

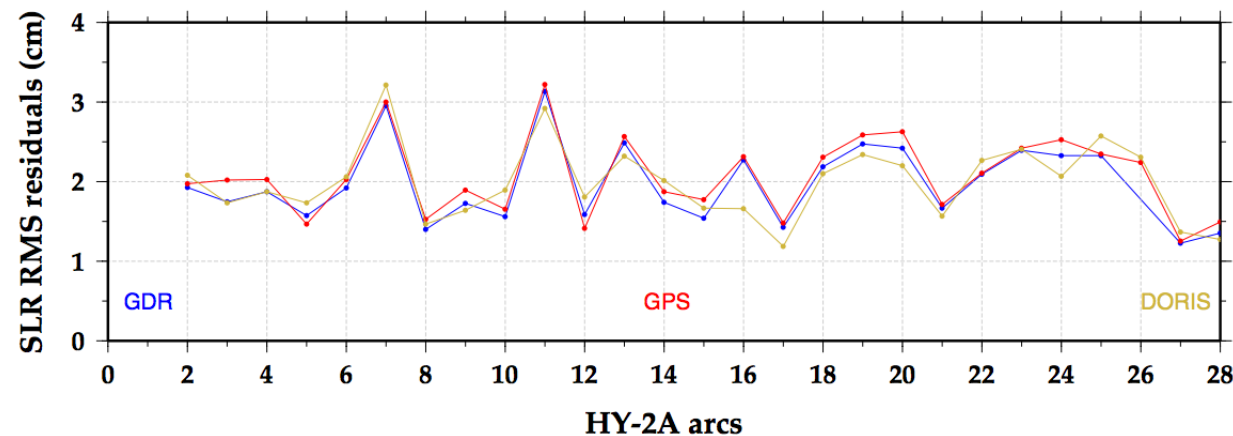
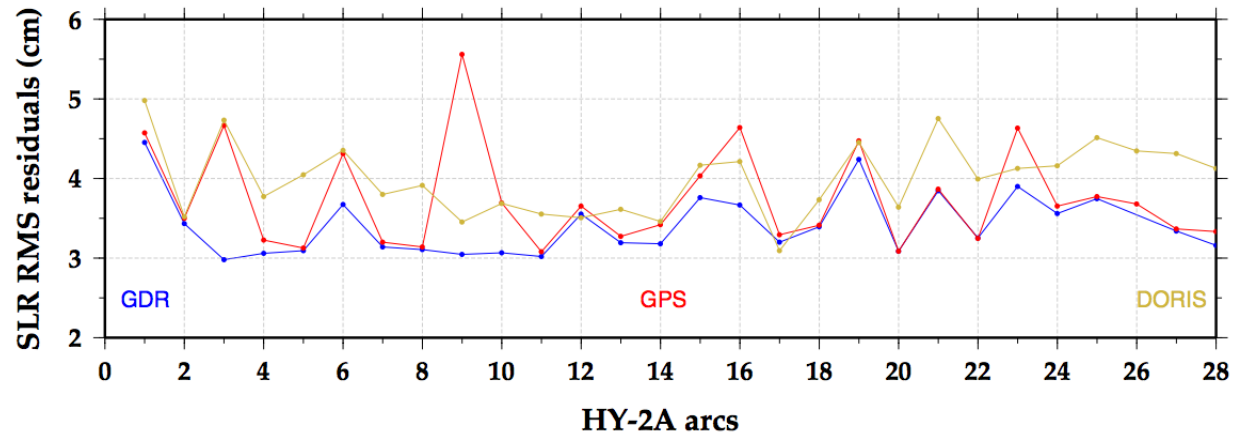
RMS of SLR residuals on core network (7090Yarr 7105Wash 7810Zimm 7839Graz 7840Hers 7941Mate)

- All elevations

- ◆ The GPS-based solution performs slightly better than the DORIS-only orbit

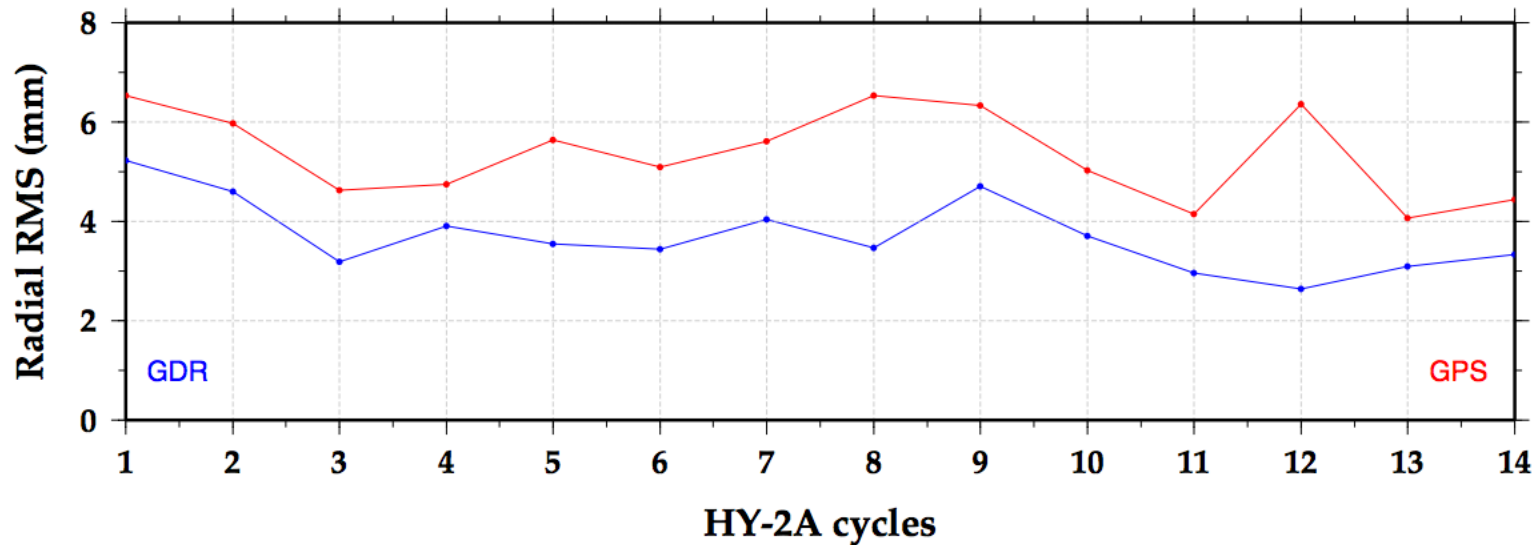
- Above 70°

- ◆ Similar $\sim 2\text{-cm}$ radial orbit accuracy for the different solutions (all highly dynamically constrained)



HY-2A Orbits Comparison: Radial Component

RMS of radial orbit differences relative to the DORIS-only solution

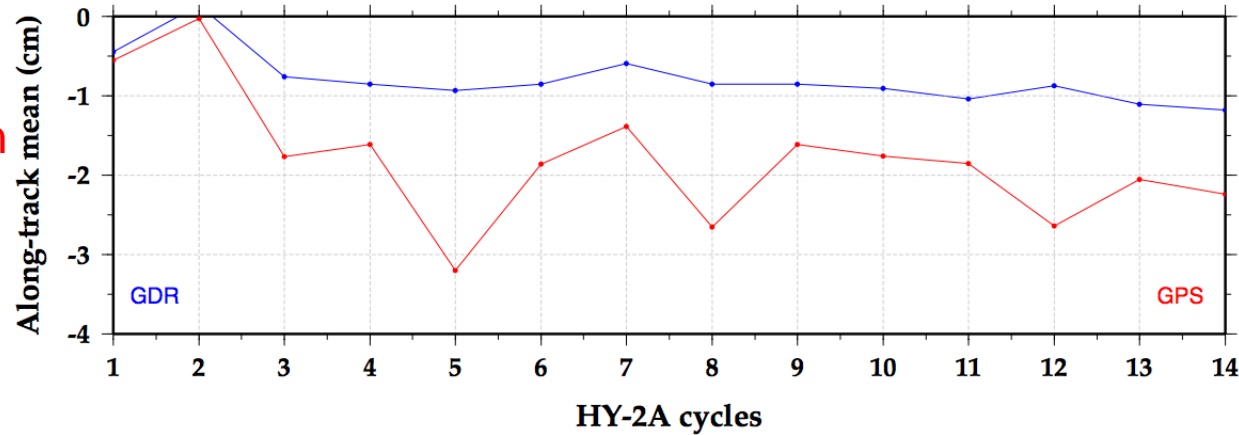


- GPS-based and DORIS-only orbits compare very well in the radial direction (4-7 mm), since all these solutions share identical dynamical models

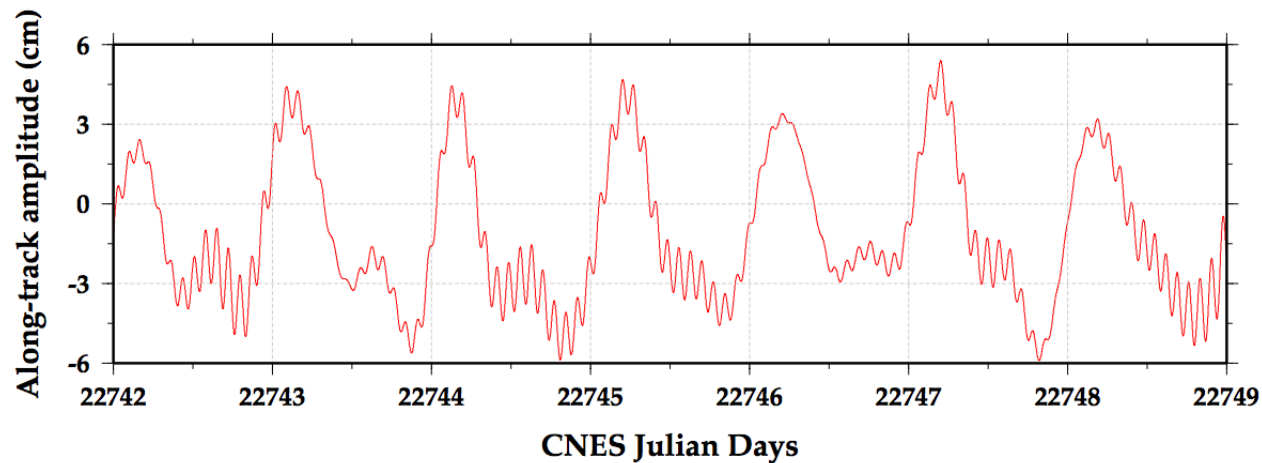
HY-2A Orbits Comparison: Along-track Component

Mean of along-track differences relative to the DORIS-only solution

- ~2-cm negative along-track bias between DORIS-only and GPS-based orbits



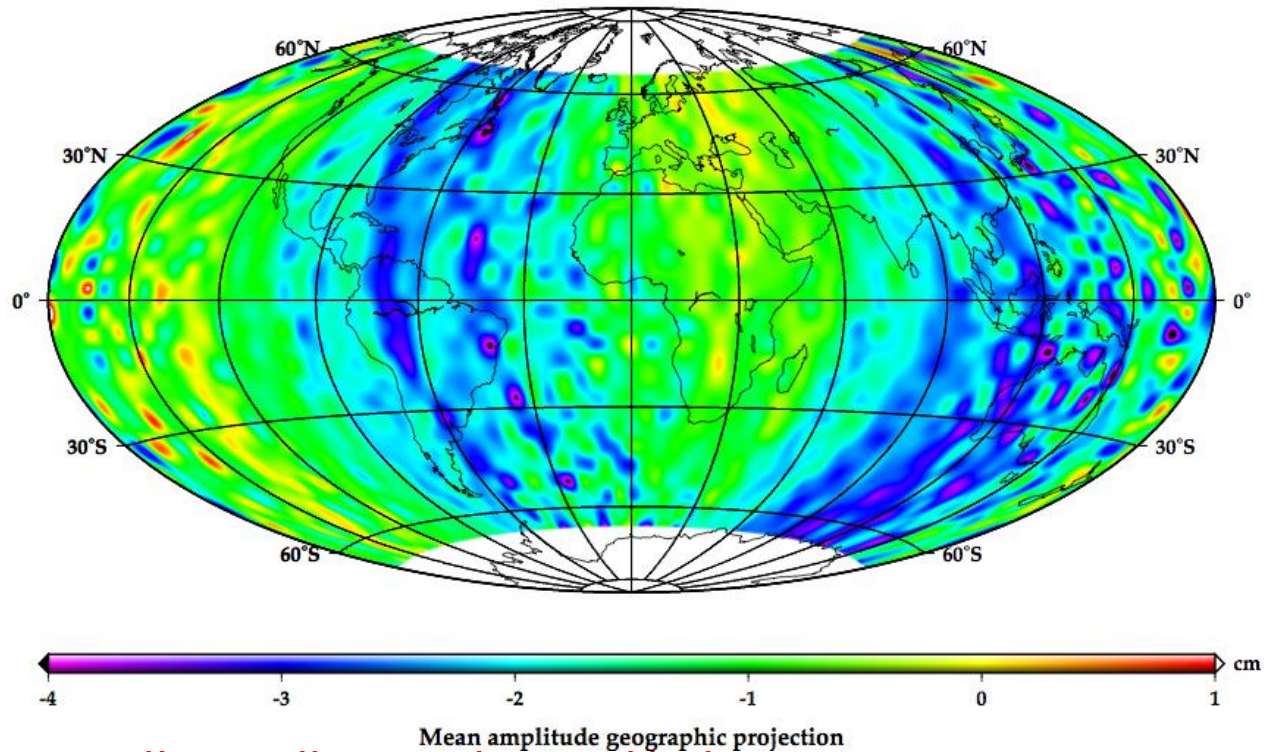
- 2-cm along-track bias combined with a 24-hour signal



Geographical Map of these Along-track Differences

Mean geographically correlated along-track differences

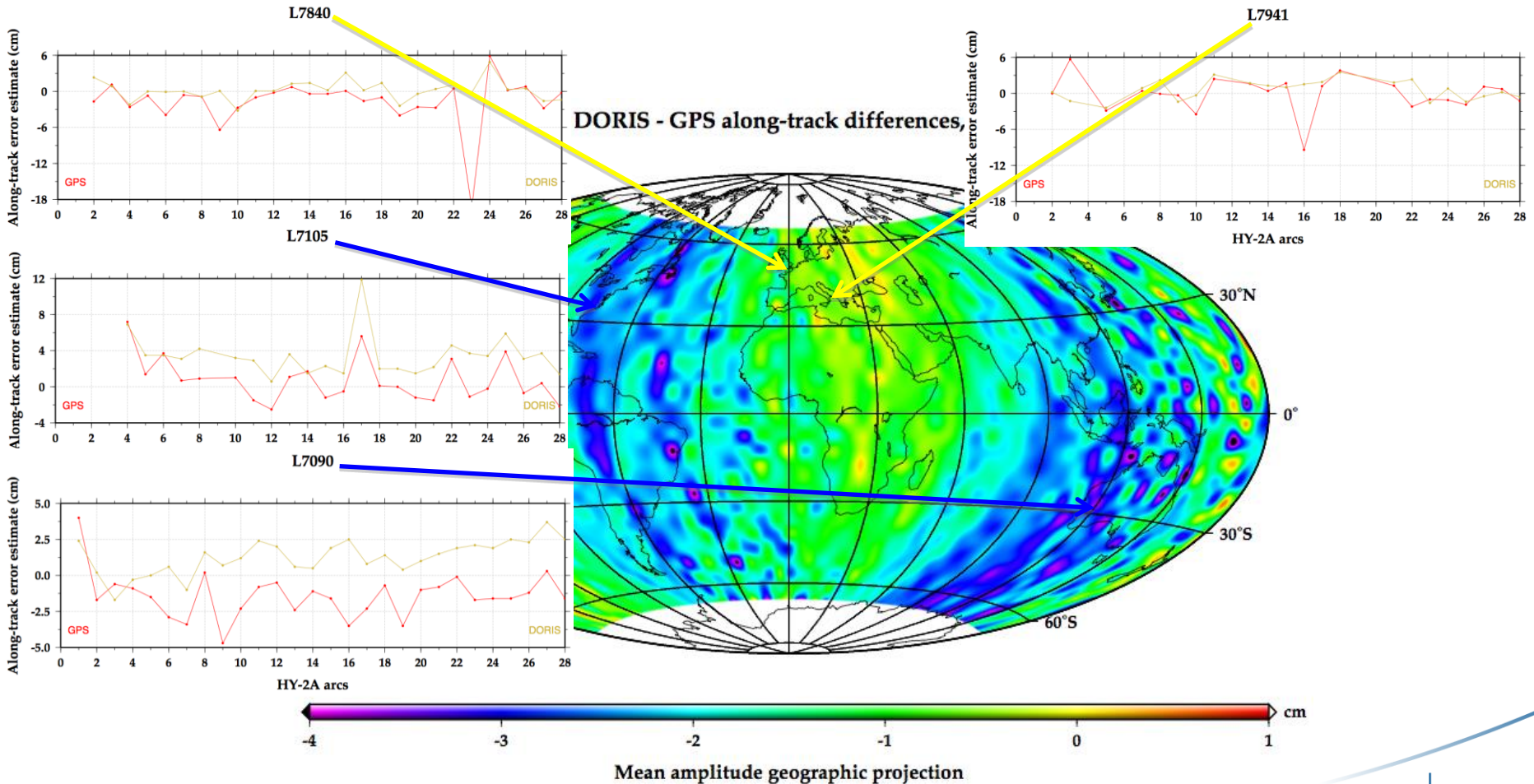
HY-2A DORIS - GPS along-track differences, cycles 1-14



- Hemispheric pattern with periodic amplitude

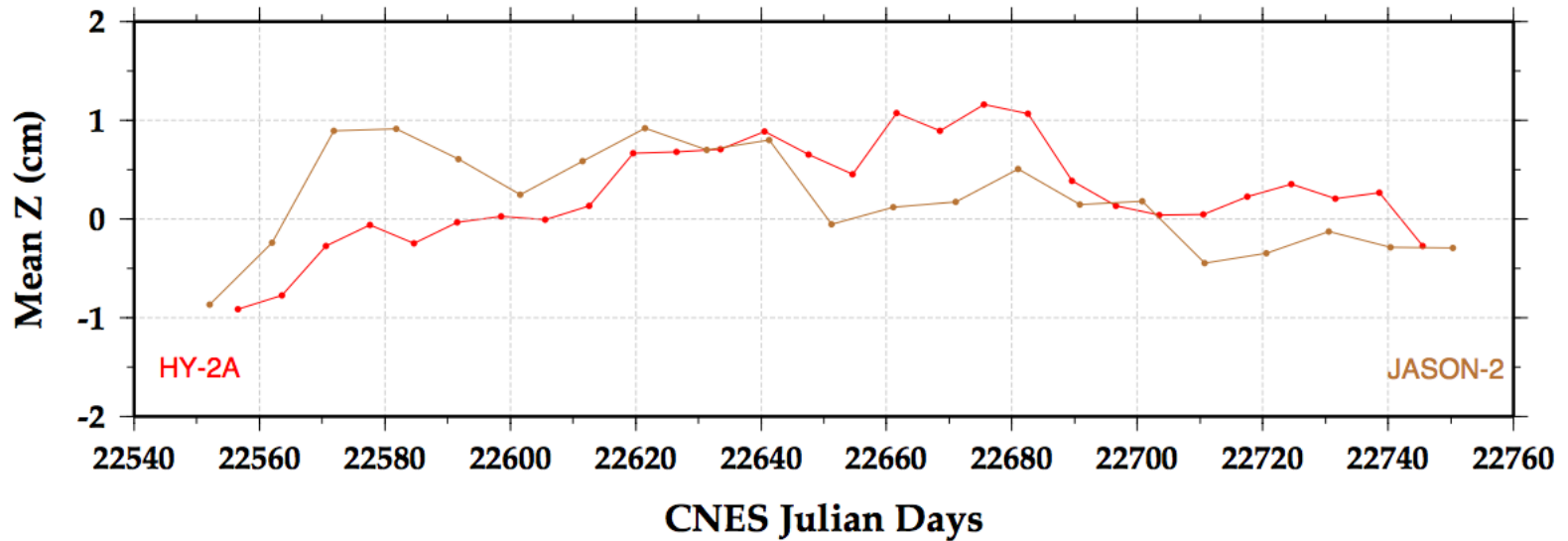
Who's Right Between DORIS and GPS?

Along-track error estimates from SLR reference stations



HY-2A Orbits Comparison: Z-centering

Mean of Z orbit differences: DORIS-only – GPS-based orbits



● Annual geocenter motion?